

# "I AM WEAKER," SAYS POPE LEO TO HIS PHYSICIANS

In His Grim Battle with Death the Aged Pontiff Insists on Walking to His Armchair, but Finds His Strength Is Going Fast.

ROME, July 8.—The following particulars were obtained of the doctors' visit this morning to the Pope:

"How feels His Holiness?" asked Dr. Mazzoni.

"I do not feel as well; I am weaker," replied the Pontiff.

"Perhaps you did not sleep sufficiently?"

"No, no," answered the Pope. "I was better last night. I am sorry, because to-day should be a day of great work."

"Surely," Dr. Mazzoni replied, "His Holiness does not intend to work?"

"Certainly," answered the Pope. "I have so many things to do. But I am afraid I have not the strength."

Both of the doctors then proceeded to convince the Pontiff of the necessity for rest, urging him not to place obstacles in the way of his recovery.

"I shall do as you wish," said the Pope in conclusion, with a sigh of resignation.

Afterward His Holiness expressed a desire to rise, saying he would be more comfortable in his armchair.

## AROSE WITHOUT ASSISTANCE.

The Pope's attendant, Pio Cintra, then proceeded to help him to arise, but the Pope refused his assistance, saying he could still move by himself. In fact, without any help except that afforded by his cane, the Pontiff walked a few steps to his armchair, repeating now and then:

"I am weaker. I am weaker."

Part of the work referred to by the Pope was to repeat a novena to the Madonna of the Carmelites, whose feast begins to-day. The Pope is a very devout worshipper of this Madonna, always carrying her scapular about his neck.

The intense anxiety regarding the Pontiff's condition which is felt throughout the United States is shown by the receipt of a very large number of telegrams from eminent American prelates and lay Catholics in America, making anxious inquiries and expressing the hope that the prayers for his recovery will be answered.

## BEGS DOCTORS TO FIGHT ON.

One of these messages, from the Rev. John Cleary, received by Dr. Lepponi this morning, appeals to the doctors not to give up the fight to save the Pope's life. Father Cleary said: "Before he dies I wish to see the world at peace. God bless him. Do not give him up. The world needs him."

Dr. Mazzoni, speaking about the Pope this afternoon, remarked:

"It has always been said that Pope Leo has shown powers of extraordinary resistance to diseases of the constitution, which is true, but he also, which is little known, enjoys the absolute harmony of all his organs and of his physical, moral and intellectual qualities, which is the real cause of his great resistance to illness."

Notwithstanding his advanced age and his present sickness, the Pope has a constitution capable of enabling him to recover. The difficulties and delicacy of the moment are created by the personality of the Pope. He is a very sensitive man and a person to whom a simple injection of caffeine causes great sufferings for about three hours. Three years ago, when I operated on him for cyst, it was said he did not suffer; but in reality, he did suffer intensely.

"The liquid taken yesterday from the pleura may gather again and another operation may be necessary, but I hope not. Some of the liquid may remain and often the little which is left is spontaneously absorbed, which may be the case with the Pontiff."

Extraordinary optimism prevailed for a certain time during the night at the Vatican. It was caused by the commander of the Noble Guard having, shortly before midnight, ordered a picket stationed before the Papal ante-chamber to return to its quarters. According to the traditional etiquette of the Vatican, when a Pope is seriously ill this picket is not withdrawn unless the doctors declare the patient to be out of danger. It developed, however, that the commander took upon himself to send the men to their quarters because they had been so many hours without rest.

**FITS OF DEPRESSION ARE FREQUENT.**

Though the Pope slept peacefully during the night he was restless on awaking and the periods of depression became more frequent. This symptom gave his physicians much alarm.

On awakening the Pontiff did not speak, but showed his restlessness by throwing off the bedclothing as though it was too heavy.

The only nourishment Pope Leo now seems to prefer is the yolk of an egg mixed with marsala.

Seeing Dr. Mazzoni shortly after he awoke the Pontiff said: "This is the first time since the beginning of my illness that I have had some really peaceful sleep."

Dr. Mazzoni replied: "It is the effect of the operation."

The Pope then observed: "There is one thing your skill cannot accomplish; diminish my ninety-three years."

The most important thing now recommended by Dr. Mazzoni is nourishment for the patient. He said: "Plants need water when dry."

## POPE LEO XIII. OWED MUCH TO MOTHER-LOVE.

Among the many beautiful traits of Leo XIII. his devotion to the memory of his saintly mother, whom he lost shortly before his ordination, is markedly "The strongest, sweetest and purest influence in a man's life is that of his mother," he wrote to his brother, Count Joseph Pecci, many years after her death. And again in speaking of her, as he often did, he said:

"She was the soul of every good work of piety and beneficence set afoot in our native town. Indeed, my sacred mother started most of them herself. But all this active outside work never made her neglect her home duties. She lavished upon all a mother's most devoted tenderness. Blessed and incomparable was she among women!"

Like many other great men in history, Joachim Pecci owed his great qualities of mind and heart to the early influence of a pure-souled and high-minded mother. The mother of the Pontiff was Anna Prospero-Buzi, a direct descendant of Cola di Rienzi, the last of the Tribunes. The Prospero-Buzi was one of the twelve great families of the Volscian city of Cora. From her marriage with the patrician Count Ludovico Pecci resulted four sons and two daughters. To the education of her children she brought gentleness, learning and the profound piety of an Italian noblewoman. Of her son, destined to become the ruler of the Roman Church, she once said to a noted churchman: "He will certainly be a great man, for he is the child of his mother's prayers."

## POPE LEO AT PRAYER IN THE SISTINE CHAPEL BEFORE RECEIVING PILGRIMS AT ST. PETER'S.



FROM THE ONLY PHOTOGRAPH EVER TAKEN IN THE SISTINE CHAPEL.

## LEO SHOWS WISH THAT GOTTI BE NEXT POPE

By Granting Prefect of the Propaganda Special Audience Dying Pontiff Indicates, According to Vatican Belief, His Choice Among the Cardinals for Succession to Chair of Peter.

ROME, July 8.—It is confidently believed here that Pope Leo regards Cardinal Gotti, Prefect of the Propaganda, as the likely choice of the conclave for the papal succession. This is inferred from the lengthy interview accorded the Cardinal by the Pontiff in his chamber last evening. Other conspicuous members of the Sacred College were excluded from the chamber yesterday by the orders of the Pope's physicians, but he expressed an urgent desire to see Cardinal Gotti last evening, and the physicians consented rather than irritate their august patient by a refusal.

When Cardinal Gotti was introduced the Pope ordered the physicians and attendants to withdraw, and for twenty minutes he was alone with the Prefect of the Propaganda, commonly known as the "red pope."

### TALK IN SECRET.

What passed is known, of course, only to the Pope and Cardinal, but much significance is attached to the visit. The circumstances and length of the interview are taken to indicate that the Pontiff expressed to Cardinal Gotti the wish that he might be chosen to succeed him and discussed with him the policies he thought should be carried out after he himself had passed away. Such an inference is allowable from Leo's own words that he was giving his last hours to furthering the interests of the church. In Vatican circles the interview accorded Cardinal Gotti is taken as a diplomatic hint from the Pontiff that he desires the selection of the learned and pious Carmelite as his successor.

Another indication of this is the openly avowed favoritism of Cardinal Rampolla for Cardinal Gotti. Rampolla has been Leo's mouthpiece for years, and understands his august superior's policies better than any member of the Sacred College. Though counted among the "papabili," Rampolla knows he has too many enemies among his colleagues to receive the tiara. Hence his interest in Gotti, whom he could count on to reappoint him Secretary of State or Prefect of the Propaganda.

### QUARRELS WITH OREGLIA.

Rampolla has had a serious quarrel with Cardinal Oreglia, the Camerlengo or Papal Chamberlain, who by reason of his office is known as the pope-maker. He has been a violent opponent of the policies of Leo, and no love has been lost between him and the Pontiff or his "alter ego," Rampolla. When the Pontiff's serious illness was announced, Cardinal Oreglia, as camerlengo, requested quarters at the Vatican, in order that he might be at hand to officially certify to the Pontiff's death. He was assigned the rooms usually provided for the Papal Chamberlain. He did not suit him and he was given other quarters in the loggia of San Raphael, close to the Pontiff's chamber. He took charge of these and sent workmen to make certain repairs. When Cardinal Rampolla heard of this he feared the noise of the workmen would disturb the Pontiff, and he ordered them out. Later he reminded Cardinal Oreglia that Leo was not yet dead and that his haste

in assuming charge of the Vatican and inaugurating preparations for the conclave was unseemly. Cardinal Oreglia left the Vatican in anger and has not since returned, though his private secretary is in constant attendance to notify him of any serious turn in the Pontiff's condition.

In this connection it is recalled that some time ago when Leo was seized with illness Cardinal Oreglia, without consulting any one, applied for quarters at the Vatican. When Pope Leo heard of it he reprimanded Oreglia for being too presumptuous.

### GOTTI SON OF LABORER.

Cardinal Gotti, whom Pope Leo has signally favored and practically indicated as his choice as his successor, has risen to eminence by merit alone. He is a Genoese by birth, the son of an humble dock laborer. He was educated by the Jesuits and so distinguished himself in his studies that he was made professor of natural philosophy and mathematics in one of their universities. After entering the Carmelite Order, he rose by piety and intellectual strength to be superior general of the order and was attached to one of the Roman congregations as a consultant.

When Dom Pedro was ousted from the Brazilian throne, Gotti was sent to South America and so skillfully did he handle the difficult situation that he was recalled to Rome in 1895 and made a Cardinal. He later was made Prefect of the Bishops and Regulars, and last year, on the death of Cardinal Ledochowski, "the Magnificent Pole," Pope Leo named him Prefect of the Propaganda. It was said then that Leo indicated by the nomination that he wished him to succeed him.

Cardinal Gotti, since assuming the cardinalate, has lived the ascetic life of a Carmelite. He is a man of profound intellectual capacity, a trained diplomat, and has the genius for organization in a marked degree. He is sixty-nine years old, of excellent physique and, like the present pontiff, has marvellous energy and capacity for sustained mental and physical effort.

## PAPAL ENVOYS ARE RECALLED TO ROME.

Noble Guard Bearing Red Hats to New Cardinals Abandon Mission.

ROME, July 8.—The Noble Guard who had been sent as bearers of the red hat to the new Cardinals—Katschhaler, Archbishop of Salzburg, Austria, and Talland, Papal Nuncio at Vienna—have been recalled to Rome because of the illness of the Pope. The Noble Guard sent to Lisbon to present the red hat to Cardinal Alentejo, the Papal Nuncio there, will remain until July 11, when the hat will be conferred upon him if the Pope does not die meanwhile.

## LOUBET LAYS WREATH ON VICTORIA'S TOMB.

French President Then Inspects Windsor Castle and Later Reviews Troops.

LONDON, July 8.—Although President Loubet did not retire until long after midnight he rose at the customary hour, 6:30 A. M., and started on another long day's functions at about 9 o'clock, when, accompanied by Foreign Minister Delcasse, Ambassador Cambon and his suite, the President proceeded to visit Windsor Castle.

He travelled in the King's train, and was met at the railroad station by the Mayor and Corporation of Windsor, who welcomed him to the royal borough. The President drove to the castle escorted by Home Guards and inspected both the state and private apartments and visited the museum at Frogmore, where M. Loubet deposited a wreath on Queen Victoria's tomb. The

## PREACHING TO BE FREE IN STREETS

That Is Alderman Parsons's Plan for Relieving Present Conditions Under Which Only Ministers May Talk.

### PERMITS FOR MISSIONARIES.

They Will Be Allowed to Preach Religion if City Fathers Adopt Proposed Plan for Making Law Equal in All Boroughs.

Alderman Herbert Parsons, Mayor Low's spokesman in the Aldermanic Board, has introduced a resolution at the meeting of the Board, granting the exponents of any religious sect the privilege of speaking in public on streets, avenues, highways, by-ways and public squares, providing religion is the subject.

There is nothing in the Aldermanic proposed ordinance to prevent any person from preaching at any hour of the day or night. It is quite likely, however, that this feature will be changed so that the hours of preaching on the public thoroughfares will be restricted to daylight and the early evening.

The present ordinance, which seems never to have been fully enforced, contemplates that only clergymen shall preach in public places, and this ordinance strangely enough refers only to places in the boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx.

### For Whole City.

Under Mr. Parsons's ordinance, which applies to the whole city, the permits for speaking may cover any number of places so long as these places are specified. Licenses to preach may be issued to any one who feels called upon to preach religion upon the streets or in other public places. Such preachers, however, must be indorsed by recognized licensed religious societies. Permits for preaching must be obtained, and the Mayor, the Commissioner of Police or any member of the Board of Aldermen has the right to issue these permits to preach.

Alderman Parsons had no idea that there were any restrictive laws preventing missionaries or laymen from talking on religious matters in public places until his attention was called to the fact by a Miss Clarke, of the Missionary Tract Society.

"My interest was only aroused when Miss Clarke informed me that any person other than a delegated clergyman who attempts to preach on the public streets is liable to arrest. I confess that I was astonished," said Alderman Parsons.

### Asks for Ordinance.

"Miss Clarke further informed me that the restrictive measures were even more severe in the boroughs outside of Manhattan. She made a special plea that I introduce a resolution calling for a more equal ordinance and one which would give any one properly delegated or representing some religious society or church the right to preach on religious themes in public. I then investigated the matter and agree with Miss Clarke that some change should be effected which will give a greater and more equal right of religious speech in public places. I promised that I would call the matter to the attention of the board, and soon Miss Clarke used her own signatures to a petition which will be presented to the Board. The petition contains nearly one thousand signatures of clergymen, secretaries of religious societies and interested church workers, and has been forwarded to City Clerk Sulzby."

Alderman Parsons's resolution was referred to the Committee on Laws and Legislation. It is not likely that the committee will report until the fall meeting of the board.

## LABORERS AUCTION THEIR SERVICES.

Kansas Farmers Competing for Workers Bid Fancy Prices for Help.

RUSSELL, Kan., July 8.—So great is the demand for harvest hands in this section that laborers are bringing fancy prices by selling their services at auction. Bidding to-day on two ordinary workmen started at \$2.50 and advanced to \$3.21. A negro who guaranteed to stack all the grain one header could cut brought \$6 per day.

## CANDY

SPECIAL FOR WEDNESDAY: Scotch Cream Lumps... 10c. Chocolate Orange Sherbet... 10c. SPECIAL FOR THURSDAY: Blackberry Fruit Bonbons... 10c. Chocolate Figs and Dates... 15c.

54 WEST 54th ST. COR WEST 54th ST. 29 CORTLANDT ST. COR CHURCH

## PORT OF NEW YORK.

ARRIVED. Hohenzollern... Naples. Erie... New York. S. W. cor. 28th st.

INCOMING STEAMSHIPS. DUE TO-DAY. Zanzibar, Leipzig... Wells City, Swansea. Huns, Jacksonville... Exonior, Rotterdam.

OUTGOING STEAMSHIPS. SAILING TO-DAY. Teutonic, Liverpool... Pionette, Trinidad. New York, Southampton... Profeta, New Orleans.

Boy Dies of Burns. Moses B. Farrow, nine years old, died in Gouverneur Hospital, to-day from injuries received in being scalded at his home No. 46 Gouverneur street, on Monday.

IF YOU KNEW HOW GOOD Le Bihan 32.00 Umbrellas

1 BARCLAY ST. near B'WAY.

Curc pines, constipation, etc. or no pay. Price \$1.00. 57th St. N. Y. C.

LAUNDRY WANTS—Male. SHIRT IRONER WANTED: male or female German-American Steam Laundry, 88 E. 4th St. WASHING & ENGINEER, first-class. Apply E. 9th st.

BOY, 17, as wagon boy; reference required. Wallack's Laundry, 252 W. 116th st.

BOY WANTED to work in laundry running errands. Monte Cristo Steam Laundry, 116th st. and Lenox av.

LAUNDRY DRIVER—Wanted, experienced laundry driver, resident of Brooklyn and married; must furnish references and bond; weekly salary \$15; also commission on increased trade. Myrtle Laundry, 474 Myrtle av., Brooklyn.

WASHER—first-class; also man to take charge of mangle department. Apply all week. American Steam Laundry, Hamstead Station, Brooklyn, way Beach, E. 1.

## The Forsythe Waist.

MID-SUMMER SALE, GREAT REDUCTIONS.

450 Exquisite Dressy Summer Waists,

\$5.50, \$7.50,

\$10.50

Lawns, Linens and Japanese Silk Novelties.

The regular prices of these Waists range from \$10.00 to \$20.00.

Do not fail to take advantage of this opportunity.

John Forsythe, THE WAIST HOUSE, 865 Broadway; 17th and 18th Sts.

## VINCENT says

SERGE is a great deal like the little girl who, "when she was good, she was very, very good, and when she was bad, she was horrid."

I want my customers to think well of the clothes they buy from me, so I can't afford to put any but the "very, very good" serge into my suits.

Have a look at my Blue Serge Norfolk at \$15. Broadway—22d Street. Sixth Avenue—12th Street.

## FITS

If you suffer from Epilepsy, Fits, Falling Sickness, St. Vitus's Dance or Vertigo, have children, relatives, friends or neighbors that do so, or know people that are afflicted, my New Treatment will immediately relieve and PERMANENTLY CURE them, and all you are asked to do is to send for my FREE TREATMENT and try it. It has CURED thousands where everything else failed. Will be sent in plain package absolutely free, express prepaid. My illustrated book, "Epilepsy Explained," FREE by mail. Please give name, AGE and full address. All correspondence professionally confidential.

W. H. MAY, M. D., 94 Pine Street, New York City.

Elections and Meetings. NEW YORK, JULY 8, 1893.—A special meeting of the stockholders of the R. & K. Mfg. Co. will be held on the 15th day of July, 1893, at 3 o'clock P. M. at their office, 459 West Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

JOSEPH RACHLEN, Treasurer. DIED. DEY.—Sunday, July 5, from dropsy of the heart, WYOFFE E. DEY, aged 62 years. Funeral private.

MELVANY.—MARRY S. MELVANY, beloved wife of James Melvany, daughter of the late Rose Goldrich. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend funeral from her late residence, 1353 Stebbins av., corner 108th st., Friday, July 10, A solemn high mass at St. Augustine's Church, 10th av. and Franklin av., at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary.

WEBER.—Tuesday, July 7, WALTER J. WEBER, entered into rest. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend funeral from his late residence, 1353 Stebbins av., corner 108th st., Friday, July 10, at 11 A. M., where to the Church of St. Catherine of Siena, where a requiem mass will be offered.

Laundry Wnts.—Female. CATCHER, first-class, on Monarch machine. Apply Columbia Laundry, 446 W. 125th st.

EXPERIENCED GIRLS on Adams dampening machine; also useful girls in collar room. Columbia Laundry, 446 W. 125th st.

GIRLS to be useful on collar and cuff work. Knapp's Laundry, 449 W. 53d st.

STARCHERS on shirts, collars & cuffs. Knapp's Laundry, 449 W. 53d st.

GIRL to operate collar machine & shape collars. Apply at once, Laundry, 501 9th av.

GOOD family ironer wanted. Laundry, 1212 2d av.

WANTED at Eureka Laundry, 105 West 38th st., a female ironer, come ready for work.

WANTED: First-class body ironer who can iron waists. 174th av.

FAMILY IRONER, experienced, on ladies' and gentle underwear. Wallack's Laundry, 1212 2d av.

VEST & WAIST IRONER, first-class. Apply 32 E. 9th st.

IRONERS.—Four family ironers at once; \$10 per week; steady work; also offers for male work. American Steam Laundry, Rockaway Beach, L. I.

IRONERS.—Three good family ironers; white or colored; come ready for work. Laundry, 1235 Amsterdam av.

IRONERS.—Two good ironers wanted. 128 Waverley place.

IRONER.—First-class shirt ironer; one to help on vests. Apply at once, 301 W. 11th st.

LAUNDRESS.—Girl good on laundress and plain work; private family; references; wages \$18. 13 West 38th st.

LAUNDRESS.—Young colored girl as laundress and to assist waiting; sleep home. 150 E. 60th st.

LAUNDRESS and waitress wanted at Row's Restaurant, 402 4th av. S. W. cor. 28th st.

LAUNDRESS—good, wanted, 150; summer hotel, mountains. Call 112 W. 11th st.

LAUNDRY HELP WANTED.—Frederick, one folder, one starcher. Apply Broadway Central Hotel, 673 Broadway.

YOUNG GIRL WANTED: come ready to work. Apply Jughardi's Steam Laundry, 504 Myrtle av., Brooklyn.

Laundry Wants—Male.